

**Remarks****Status of the Claims**

Claims 18 to 26, 28, 29, and 35 to 39 have been withdrawn due to the Restriction Requirement, dated October 20, 2000, and subsequent election of the Group I claims (Claims 1 to 17, 27, 30 to 34, and 40 to 43) on November 20, 2000.

Claims 1 to 17, 27, 30 to 34, and 40 to 43 have been cancelled in the Reply dated July 1, 2002. Claims 44 to 88 were added in the Reply dated July 1, 2002.

Claims 44 to 88 were constructively restricted by the Examiner in the Office communication dated September 4, 2003. Accordingly, these claims are withdrawn from consideration.

Under MPEP §714.24, a claim cancelled by amendment (deleted in its entirety) may be reinstated only by a subsequent amendment presenting the claim as a new claim with a new claim number. New claims 89 to 111 are analogous to Claims 1 to 17, 27, 34, and 40 to 43. Claims 112 and 113 have also been added. Support for claims 112 and 113 is found on page 9, lines 24 to 25. Accordingly, Claims 89 to 113 are presented for examination.

Claims 1 to 17, 27, 30 to 34, and 40 to 43 were rejected by the Examiner in the Office Action dated, January 2, 2002. In response to this Action, Claims 1 to 17, 27, 30 to 34, and 40 to 43 were canceled. Thus, the Examiner's rejections of Claims 1 to 17, 27, 30 to 34, and 40 to 43 were not addressed by Applicant. In a teleconference dated December 3, 2003, the Examiner informed the undersigned that the canceled claims may be re-submitted, but that the rejections of the office action dated January 2, 2002 should be addressed. As newly added claims 89 to 111

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are analogous to canceled claims 1 to 17, 27, 34, and 40 to 43, Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections to claims 1 to 17, 27, 34, and 40 to 43, as presented by the Examiner in the Office Action dated, January 2, 2002, in view of newly added claims 89 to 111.

Arguments

The 35 U.S.C. §112, First Paragraph, Rejections

Claims 1 to 17, 27, 34, and 40 to 43 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph. The Examiner has asserted that the specification does not reasonably provide enablement for derivatives or fragments thereof or a binding portion thereof or a composition for treatment of any mammalian disease or disorder.

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection.

New Claim 89 is analogous to Claim 1. A marked-up version of Claim 89, showing the differences between Claim 1 and Claim 89, recites:

89. A retro-inverted peptide comprising amino acid residues or a derivative thereof that specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal tract receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI.

Accordingly, as Claim 89 does not recite "a derivative", Claim 89, and those claims dependent thereon (Claims 90, 92 to 100, and 102 to 111) should not be rejected for lack of enablement using the Examiner's reasoning in the action dated January 2, 2002.

Claim 3 was also rejected for lacking enablement. However, the enablement rejection in the action dated January 2, 2002, only addresses the subject matter of independent Claim 1 (derivatives of retro-inverted peptides) and independent Claim 13 (compositions comprising an active agent and a protein comprising a binding portion of one of the three specific retro-inverted peptides wherein the active agent

is of value in treating a disease or disorder). The enablement rejection does not address the subject matter of Claim 3.

New Claim 91 is exactly the same as canceled Claim 3. Claim 91 recites:

91. A retro-inverted peptide that enhances delivery of an active agent across the gastro-intestinal tract into the systemic, portal or hepatic circulation.

As described below, the subject matter of Claim 91 is illustrated in the examples (page 25, line 5, to page 26, line 16). In particular, Page 25, line 5, to page 26, line 16, of the application discloses treatment of rats with insulin-loaded nanoparticles comprising the retro-inverted peptides ZElan144 (SEQ ID NO:1). After the nanoparticles were injected into the duodena of the rats, a marked decrease in blood glucose levels was observed as compared to controls (see Figure 1) indicating that the insulin had been absorbed. A direct measurement of blood insulin levels (Figure 2) confirmed this result. Accordingly, Applicant has disclosed a retro-inverted peptide that enhances delivery of an active agent across the gastro-intestinal tract into the circulation. Thus, one of ordinary skill in the art, using the examples of the present application as a guide, would be able to practice the invention of Claim 91. Accordingly, Claim 91, and those claims dependent thereon (Claim 110) should not be rejected for lack of enablement using the Examiner's reasoning in the action dated January 2, 2002.

Claim 13 was also rejected for lacking enablement. New Claim 101 is analogous to Claim 13. A marked-up version of Claim 101, showing the differences between Claim 13 and Claim 101, recites:

101. A composition comprising a chimeric protein bound to a material comprising an active agent, in which the chimeric protein comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of ZElan144 (SEQ ID NO:1), ZElan 145 (SEQ ID NO:2), and ZElan 146 (SEQ ID NO:3) or a binding portion thereof fused via a covalent bond to an amino acid sequence of a second protein, in which the active agent is of value in the treatment of a mammalian disease or disorder.

The Examiner asserted that Claim 13 lacked enablement because the claims do not recite a specific disease or disorder and the specification does not demonstrate the claimed composition in a medicament to treat any disease or disorder.

Applicant respectfully submits that the examples of the present application illustrate administering a composition comprising insulin, ZElan144 (SEQ ID NO:1), and nanoparticles to a subject. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that such administration would be useful for treatment of a disorder such as diabetes (see page 9, lines 24 to 27, of the application). Furthermore, the application also discloses other disease states (page 9, lines 24 to 27) as well as other active agents (page 7, line 22, to page 10, line 5). The application also discloses routes of administration as well as examples of pharmaceutical carriers and excipients. Thus, in addition to providing an example of how to use the invention, Applicant has also provided a variety of active agents useful for the treatment of specific disease states, and examples of how such active agents can be formulated into medicaments. Accordingly, it would be obvious to one of skill in the art to modify Applicant's experiments in the examples to use other active agents to treat diseases other than diabetes. Accordingly, Claim 101 should not be rejected for lack of enablement based on the action dated January 2, 2002.

The Examiner had also rejected Claim 13 because there is no indicia of what part of the claimed sequences is considered to be a "binding portion". As Claim 101 does not recite a "binding portion", Claim 101 should not be rejected for lack of enablement based on the action dated January 2, 2002.

The 35 U.S.C. §112, Second Paragraph, Rejections

Claims 1 to 17, 27, 34, and 40 to 43 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which Applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 was rejected because the recitation of "HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H and hSI" is insufficient to convey what Applicant intends to be the claimed invention. Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection. Claim 89, which is analogous to Claim 1, recites:

89. A retro-inverted peptide comprising amino acid residues that specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal tract receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI.

One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI receptors are the names of specific proteins and as such act as identifiers. For example, one of ordinary skill in the art would immediately recognize the oncogene "Ras", but would be less likely to know what gene was being identified by the term from which "Ras" is derived: Rat sarcoma. Similarly, a reference to "D2H receptor" is clear. Stating that "D2H receptor" refers to "human D2 clone" does not increase clarity. However, Applicant has amended the specification to recite "HPT1 (human intestinal oligopeptide transporter), hPEPT1 (human oligopeptide

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transporter), D2H (human D2 clone), and hSI (human sucrase isomaltose)" in order to identify the source of the receptors' names.

Claims 1 to 17, 27, 34, and 40 to 43 were rejected for being unclear as to whether the claimed peptides are isolated or naturally occurring. Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection as it may be applied to new Claims 89 to 111.

All of the pending claims recite a "retro-inverso" peptide. Such peptides are disclosed in the specification as artificial peptides composed of D-amino acids synthesized in the reverse order of the corresponding L-peptide. Thus, qualifying the retro-inverso peptides as "synthetic" or "isolated" is unnecessary. Accordingly, Applicant submits that Claims 89 to 111 distinctly claim the subject matter of the invention.

Claims 2 and 13 were rejected for reciting "binding portion". Claims 90 and 101, which are analogous to Claims 2 and 13, do not recite "binding portion". Accordingly, Applicant submits that Claims 90 and 101 distinctly claim the subject matter of the invention.

Claims 4 to 7, which depend from Claim 1, were rejected for lacking antecedent basis. Claims 92 to 95, which are analogous to Claims 4 to 7, depend from Claim 89. Claim 89 recites "comprising amino acid residues". Accordingly, Claims 92 to 95 do not lack antecedent basis.

Claims 8, 12, and 13 were rejected because the phrase "bound to a material" is unclear because what material is referred to is unclear. Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection as it may be applied to new Claims 96, 100, and 101, which

are analogous to Claims 8, 12, and 13. Claims 96 recites:

96. A composition comprising the peptide of claim 89 bound to a material comprising an active agent, said active agent being of value in the treatment of a mammalian disease or disorder.

One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that the peptide of Claim 96 need not be bound directly to the active agent in order to for the peptide and active agent to be part of the same composition. Thus, Claim 96 requires a "material" comprising an active agent. Accordingly, the term "material" may be used in situations where non-active agent components of the composition are binding the peptide. In addition, as the material could possibly comprise only the active agent, the peptide may be bound to the active agent itself.

The term "material" is simply used as alternative way to state "composition". However, as the term "composition" is already used in the preamble of claim 96, it would be unclear to use it again. Hence the use of the analogous term: "material".

As an example, the specification teaches that active agents can be drugs such as those listed on page 7, line 29, to page 10, line 5. The active agent, or drug, can be formulated in a number of ways, for instance, as a salt (see page 11, line 28, to page 12, line 2). In such an example, the salt would comprise a "material". These arguments also apply to Claims 100 and 101. Accordingly, Applicant submits that Claims 96, 100, and 101 distinctly claim the subject matter of the invention.

Claims 8 and 13 have been rejected because the phrase "treatment of a mammalian disease or disorder" is used and no specific diseases or disorders are

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identified. Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection as it may be applied to new Claims 96 and 101, which are analogous to Claims 8 and 13.

Applicant respectfully submits that the examples of the present application illustrate administering a composition comprising insulin, ZElan144 (SEQ ID NO:1), and nanoparticles to a subject. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that such administration would be useful for treatment of a disorder such as diabetes (see page 9, lines 24 to 27, of the application). Furthermore, the application also discloses other disease states (page 9, lines 24 to 27) as well as other active agents (page 7, line 22, to page 10, line 5). The application also discloses routes of administration as well as examples of pharmaceutical carriers and excipients. Thus, in addition to providing an example of how to use the invention, Applicant has also provided a variety of active agents useful for the treatment of specific disease states, and examples of how such active agents can be formulated into medicaments. Accordingly, it would be obvious to one of skill in the art to modify Applicant's experiments in the examples to use other active agents to treat diseases other than diabetes. Accordingly, the use of the phrase "disease or disorder" is appropriate and Applicant submits that Claims 96 and 101 distinctly claim the subject matter of the invention.

Claim 16 has been rejected because it is unclear how the composition "facilitates" the transport of the active agent. Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection as it may be applied to new Claim 104, which is analogous to Claim 16.

Claim 104, which is analogous to Claim 16, recites "increases" instead of "facilitates". Accordingly, Applicant submits that Claim 104 distinctly claims the subject matter of the invention.

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Claim 30 was rejected for lacking antecedent basis as the claim refers to "one or more functional activities of said peptide". Claim 30 has been canceled and no claim analogous to Claim 30 has been added.

In view of the above amendments and arguments Applicant respectfully submits that Claims 89 to 111 should not be rejected for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter of the invention.

Respectfully submitted,



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## REMARKS

Favorable reconsideration is respectfully requested in view of the foregoing amendments and the following remarks.

### **Pending Claims**

Prior to this Amendment, Claims 1-17, 27, 30-34 and 40-43 were pending. All the pending claims have been cancelled and replaced by Claims 44 - 88.

Applicant reserves the right to file a divisional application with any of the claims cancelled herein.

### **Overview of claims**

There are now 5 independent claims: 44, 47, 54, 58 and 68.

Claim 44 covers synthetic proteins that comprise retroinverted peptides with specified sequences.

Claim 47 covers synthetic proteins that comprise either retroinverted peptides with specified sequences or fragments of those retroinverted peptides.

Claim 54 covers synthetic proteins that comprise either retroinverted peptides with specified sequences or homologs of those retroinverted peptides.

Claim 58 covers synthetic proteins that comprise either retroinverted peptides with specified sequences, fragments of those retroinverted peptides, or homologs of those fragments.

Claim 68 covers synthetic proteins, up to 50 amino acids in length, that comprise retroinverted peptides with specified sequences. The specified sequences are shorter than the specified sequences in claims 47, 54, 58, and 58.

## **Incorporation by reference**

Consistent with the guidelines in MPEP §608(p), Applicants are adding material from WO 98/51325 to the specification. WO 98/51325 is a published application that was incorporated by reference into the present application as can be seen from the following 2 excerpts from the present application:

Previously, as disclosed and claimed in WO 98/51325, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, we have identified random peptides and their fragments, motifs, derivatives or peptidomimetics thereof which are capable of binding to GIT receptors such as the D2H, hSI, HPT1 and hPEPT1 receptors (hereinafter "GIT targeting peptides"). (From page 3, lines 7-11).

The present invention relates to retro-inverted peptides (also referred to herein as "targeting retro-inverted peptides" or "targeting retro-inversion peptides") that target specific receptor sites in vivo and/or promote uptake of active agents and/or enhance active agent delivery across the GIT into the systemic, portal or hepatic circulation. In particular, these retro-inverted peptides specifically bind to one or more of the human gastrointestinal tract receptors HPT1, HPEPT1, D2H, or hSI or their equivalents in other mammals and have general utility in targeting active agents to selected sites and/or selected tissues in the body in which receptors are expressed. These peptides are synthesized from D-amino acids and have a reverse sequence order of the GIT targeting agents disclosed and claimed in the above-referenced WO 98/51325. (From page 4, line 20 to page 5, line12).

Material incorporated by reference from WO 98/51325 is summarized in the following table

Material	Location in WO 98/51325	Insert position in specification of present application	Claims in which Material appears in application
Information on GIT receptors	page 45 line 25 to page 46, line 37	Page 5, after line 11	None
Sequences of 55 receptor-binding peptides identified from a phage library (SEQ ID NOS: 16-70)	page 54, lines 5 to page 55, lines 37	Immediately following above insert	44, 47, 54, 58
Sequences of 13 binding motifs (SEQ ID NOS: 71-83)	Claims 6, 10, 14, 18-20	Sequence Listing	68
Sequences of 4 GIT receptors (SEQ ID NOS: 84-87)		Sequence Listing	None
Reference to 80 or 90 percent homology; fragment length is at least 5, 10 or 20 amino acids	page 21, line 36 to page 22, line 16	Page 6, after line 14	54, 56, 58, 66 47-49, 58-60
protein length is not more than 75 amino acids	page 21, line 36 to page 22, line 16	Page 6, after line 14	45, 52, 63

### **Changes made in text incorporated by reference**

Applicants have incorporated text from page 54, line 5 to page 55, line 55 of WO 98/51325. The text corresponds to Table 7 of WO 98/51325 plus the paragraph that precedes it. Regarding that text, Applicants have made the following changes:

- 1) Added an introductory phrase to the paragraph preceding the Table: -- As indicated in WO 98/51325--
- 2) Added a sentence after the paragraph preceding the Table: -- Their insert sequences are summarized as follows: --
- 3) Deleted the header "Table 7"
- 4) Moved the title of the table, " TARGET BINDING PHAGE INSERT SEQUENCES" to become the header to the right column : --TARGET BINDING PHAGE INSERT SEQUENCE--
- 5) Changed the SEQ ID Nos from 1-55 to 16-70.

### **Support for Amendments**

The following examples of support for any given claim limitation are intended to be illustrative, not exhaustive.

### Support for newly added amino acid sequences

The SEQ ID NOs of newly added sequences incorporated by reference from WO 98/51325 are presented in the following Table together with their corresponding SEQ ID NOs from WO 98/51325.

SEQ ID NOs in present application	SEQ ID NOs in WO 98/51325	Nature of peptide/protein
16-70	1-55	Targeting agents
71-83	253-265	Targeting agents
84	176	hPEPT1 receptor
85	178	HPT1 receptor
86	179	hSI receptor
87	181	D2H receptor

Support for "specifically binds to a Caco-2 cell membrane fraction"

That phrase appears in the 5 newly added independent claims, 44, 47, 54, 58, and 68. The use of the Caco-2 assay to obtain data is described at pages 19-21. Regarding the Caco-2 assay, generally, as a test for the functionality of fragments and homologs, the following from the present application is noted:

The present invention also relates to derivatives (including but not limited to fragments) of these retroinverted peptides, which derivatives are functionally similar to the retro-invert peptides (that is, capable of displaying one or more known functional activities of the retro-inverted peptides). These functional activities include but are not limited to the ability to bind or to compete with binding to the gastrointestinal tract receptors HPT1, HPEPT1, D2H or hSI or the ability to be bound by an antibody directed against the retro-inverted peptide. Derivatives can be tested for the desired activity by procedures known in the art, including binding to a receptor domain or to Caco-2 cells, *in vitro*, or to intestinal tissue, *in vitro* or *in vivo*. (See page 5, lines 3-12, of the present application; underlining added here)

Support for the limitation that the synthetic protein does not exceed 75 amino acids in length

Support is found in material incorporated by reference from PCT application, page 21, line 36- page 22, line 5.

Support for the limitation that the synthetic protein does not exceed 50 amino acids in length

Support is found in Claim 4 of the present application as filed.

Support for the limitation that the fragments of specified retroinverted peptides are at least 5, 10 or 20 amino acids in length

Support is found in the material incorporated by reference from the PCT application, page 21, line 36 - page 22, line 4.

Support for the limitation that the homologs of specified retroinverted peptides show not more than 80 or 90 percent homology (but less than 100%)

Support for 80% and 90% is found in the material incorporated by reference from the PCT application, page 21, line 36 - page 22, line 11. Also, a "homolog", by definition, has less than 100% homology.

Support for the limitation that the homologs of specified retroinverted peptides meet one of four tests based of amino acid functional equivalency

This claim limitation, including the specification of 4 types of amino acid functional equivalency, finds support in the present application as filed, page 5, lines 24-29.

Support for claims which cover glycosylation, acetylation, phosphorylation, and amidation

Such claims find support in the present application as filed, page 5, line 30 to page 6, line 1.

Support for synthetic proteins with an added dansyl-lysine group

Such dansylated derivatives are made routinely for purposes of the CaCo-2 binding assay. (See pages 19-21 of the present application as filed).

Support for claims involving nanoparticles or microparticles, also size range

See claims 40-42 and pages 22-25 of the application as filed. As to particle sizes between 10 nm and 500 µm, see page 22, lines 5-8.

Support for drug classes and specific drugs covered in the Claims

See the application as filed, page 7, line 29 to page 9, line 1.

Support for the drug being insulin or leuprolide in the claims

See the application as filed, claim 43 and pages 25-26.

Support for modifications to Table 1 of the present application

A number of changes have been made for clarity and consistency:

A column specifying the SEQ ID NO has been added at the left of the Table.

The K(dns) group has been eliminated from the sequence in rows 1 through 6. As a result, the sequences in rows 1-6 of the table now precisely reflect the sequences in the Sequence Listing previously submitted in this case for SEQ ID NOS: 1-6.

SEQ ID NOs 1-6, with their additional K(dns) moieties, are now in rows 7-12 of Table 1. The K(dns) moiety is a dansyl-lysine moiety added to various peptides to make them detectable in the binding assays.

Modifications to Table 3 of the present application

Consistent with the amendments to Table 1, Table 3 has also been amended compared to the version submitted in the Amendment of October 5, 2001. The amendments are as follows:

Row 2, ZElan129, the SEQ ID NO: has been changed from 4 to 12.

Row 3, ZElan144, the SEQ ID NO: has been changed from 1 to 9.

Row 5, ZElan091, the SEQ ID NO: has been changed from 6 to 14.

Row 6, ZElan146, the SEQ ID NO: has been changed from 3 to 11.

### **Appendix to this Amendment**

Applicants have attached an Appendix with copies of those pages from the WO 98/51325 that have the material that was incorporated via the present Amendment into the present application.

### **Sequence Listing**

It is expected by the undersigned that an "AMENDMENT with Revised Sequence Listing" will be hand-delivered today to Group 1600 for Examiner Hope Robinson.

### **Response to rejections in Office Action of January 2, 2002.**

#### Rejection of Claims 1-17, 27, 30-34 and 40-43 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph (Paragraph 2 of the Office Action)

The Examiner has rejected Claims 1-17, 27, 30-34 and 40-43 under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph, stating that while being enabling for the retro-inverted peptides and the specific sequences (SEQ ID NOs: 1-3), the specification does not reasonably provide enablement for derivatives or fragments thereof or a binding portion thereof or a composition for treatment of any mammalian disease or disorder. This rejection is respectfully traversed for the reasons that follow. (Although the rejected claims having been replaced by the present Amendment, Applicants will respond to the rejection as if it was directed at each of the 5 independent claims now in the case.)

Claim 44 covers synthetic proteins that comprise retroinverted peptides with specified sequences. Data in the application shows examples where receptor binding ability is retained when an L-form peptide is "converted" to the retroinverted form.

Claim 47 covers synthetic proteins that comprise either retroinverted peptides with specified sequences or fragments of those retroinverted peptides. To the extent that some such fragments do not retain binding ability as specified in the claim, such fragments are not covered by the claim. To determine which fragments of a retroinverted peptide will retain that peptide's ability to bind in the Caco-2 binding assay, it is only necessary to identify the minimum "core region" needed for such binding. This can be done by systematically testing smaller and smaller fragments of a peptide for binding ability. In one approach, one successively eliminates 3-amino acid sections from each end of the 40-mer until binding ability is lost. If, for example, the core fragment is a 10-mer positioned at the center of the 40-mer, then the deletion of a 3-mer, 6-mer, 9-mer, 12-mer, and 15-mer from either end (10 tests total) would not eliminate the binding ability. Deletions of an 18-mer from either end would eliminate it. To achieve finer resolution, deletions of 16-mers and 17-mers could be tested. In any case, a total of only about 16 tests would be sufficient to identify the core binding peptide.

Claim 54 covers synthetic proteins that comprise either retroinverted peptides with specified sequences or homologs of those retroinverted peptides. As "homologs" implies similarity, the claim will tend to cover structures that retain binding ability. To the extent that some homologs do not retain the ability to bind as specified in the claim, such homologs are not covered by the claim.

Claim 58 covers synthetic proteins that comprise either retroinverted peptides with specified sequences, fragments of those retroinverted peptides, or homologs of those fragments. The fragments that retain specific binding activity can be determined in a reasonable number of steps as outlined above. As "homologs" implies similarity, the claim will tend to cover structures that retain binding ability. Fragment homologs that do not

retain the ability to bind are not covered by the claim.

Claim 68 covers synthetic proteins that comprise retroinverted peptides with specified sequences. Data in the application shows examples where receptor binding ability is retained when an L-form peptide is "converted" to the retroinverted form.

Applicants submit that the foregoing is responsive to the issues raised by the Examiner as to:

- I. Quantitation of Experimentation;
- II. Amount of direction or guidance presented;
- IV. Nature of the invention;
- V. State of the prior art and relative skill of those in the art; and
- VI. Predictability or unpredictability of the art.

where the Roman numerals for each issue are those used by the Examiner.

The Examiner also raised issues III and VII as follows:

- III. Presence or absence of working examples.

Applicants have included an example showing that orally delivered insulin-loaded nanoparticles coated with the retroinverted 15-mer peptide, ZElan144 produce as good or better bioavailability of insulin as such particles coated with ZElan 129, the L-peptide counterpart of ZElan 144 (Figure 2 and Table 5). The ZElan144-coated insulin-loaded nanoparticles also showed a therapeutic effect, evidenced by the reduction of glucose levels (Figure 1).

The retroinverted peptide ZElan 146 provided measureable bioavailability, about 20% that provided by ZElan 144.

Applicants submit that it is reasonable to extrapolate their success with ZElan 144 and ZElan 146 to the retroinverted forms of other peptides that are receptor binders.

## **VII. Breadth of the claims.**

The Examiner has stated that the claims encompass any disease/disorder. In response, Applicants have amended the claims so that they are more specific as to the types of active agents envisioned. Applicants submit that, by providing more specificity as to what constitutes an active agent, Applicants inherently describe a corresponding disorder or disease known in the art to be treatable by that agent.

The Examiner has also stated that the claims cover any derivative/fragment or portion thereof. The claims presently in the case only cover those derivatives/fragments that show specific binding.

### **Rejection of Claims 1-17, 27, 30-34 and 40-43 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph (Paragraph 3 of the Office Action)**

The Examiner has rejected Claims 1-17, 27, 30-34 and 40-43 under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, as being indefinite as follows:

- 1) Claim1 and dependent claims are rejected on the grounds that the recitation of "HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H and hSI" is insufficiently definite. Applicants no longer use these terms in the claims.
- 2) As to all the rejected claims, the Examiner has suggested using the qualifier "synthetic" or "isolated". Applicants use "synthetic" in the new claims.
- 3) Claims 2 and 13 are rejected on the grounds that "binding portion" is unclear. In the new claims, that term is not used.
- 4) Claims 4-7 are rejected on the grounds that they lack antecedent basis and suggests that Claim 1 be amended to recite specific sequences. The independent claims that have replaced Claim 1 recite specific sequences.
- 5) Claim 8 is rejected on the grounds that the meaning of the word "material" is

unclear. Although Claim 8 has been cancelled, the word "material" appears in new claims similar to Claim 8. In those claims (as in Claim 8), "Material" is intended to refer to any material that comprises the active agents specified in the claim, consistent with a major purpose of the invention - to be able to direct agent-loaded compositions to the GIT receptors.

6) Claims 8 and 13 are rejected on the grounds that no specific disease or disorder is described. As noted above, the new claims specify classes of drugs, and the drugs imply specific diseases.

7) Claim 16 is rejected on the grounds that it is unclear how the composition "facilitates" transport of the active agent. The word "facilitates" is not in the new claims.

8) Claim 30 is rejected on the grounds that that there is no antecedent basis for "one or more functional activities of said peptide". The phrase does not appear in the new claims.

In view of the foregoing remarks, it is respectfully submitted that all of the claims now pending in this application are allowable.

Respectfully submitted,  
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**AMENDMENTS WITH MARKINGS SHOWING CHANGES**

**IN THE SPECIFICATION**

Table 1, page 19, already amended on October 5, 2001, is further amended as follows:

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<u>SEQ ID NO:</u>	Name	Description	Sequence
<u>1</u>	<u>SEQ ID NO:1</u> [Zelan 144]	PAX2 15 mer fragment-D form retroinversion	rtrlrrnhsshkant [K(dns)-rtrlrrnhsshkant]
<u>2</u>	<u>SEQ ID NO:2</u> [Zelan 145]	P31 16 mer fragment- D form retroinversion	gphrrgrpnsrsskrt [K(dns)- gphrrgrpnsrsskr]
<u>3</u>	<u>SEQ ID NO:3</u> [Zelan 1146]	HAX42 14 mer fragment- D form retroinversion	gtsngngccnydgp [K(dns)- gtsngngccnydgp ]
<u>4</u>	<u>SEQ ID NO:4</u> [Zelan 129]	PAX2 15 mer fragment	TNAKHSSHNRRLRTR [K(dns)- TNAKHSSHNRRLRTR]
<u>5</u>	<u>SEQ ID NO:5</u> [Zelan 031]	P31 16 mer fragment	TRKSSRSNPRGRRHPG [K(dns)- TRKSSRSNPRGRRHPG]
<u>6</u>	<u>SEQ ID NO:6</u> [Zelan 091]	HAX42 14 mer fragment	PGDYNCCGNGNSTG [K(dns)- PGDYNCCGNGNSTG ]
<u>9</u>	<u>ZElan144</u>	<u>dansylated</u> <u>PAX2 15 mer fragment-D</u> <u>form retroinversion</u>	<u>K(dns)-rtrlrrnhsshkant</u>
<u>10</u>	<u>ZElan145</u>	<u>dansylated</u> <u>P31 16 mer fragment- D</u> <u>form retroinversion</u>	<u>K(dns)-gphrrgrpnsrsskrt</u>
<u>11</u>	<u>ZElan146</u>	<u>dansylated</u> <u>HAX42 14 mer fragment- D</u> <u>form retroinversion</u>	<u>K(dns)-gtsngngccnydgp</u>
<u>12</u>	<u>ZElan129</u>	<u>dansylated</u> <u>PAX2 15 mer fragment</u>	<u>K(dns)-</u> <u>TNAKHSSHNRRLRTR</u>

<u>SEQ ID NO:</u>	Name	Description	Sequence
<u>13</u>	<u>ZElan031</u>	<u>dansylated P31 16 mer fragment</u>	<u>K(dns)-TRKSSRSNPRGRRHPG</u>
<u>14</u>	<u>ZElan091</u>	<u>dansylated HAX42 14 mer fragment</u>	<u>K(dns)-PGDYNCCGNGNSTG</u>

Table 3, page 21, already amended on October 5, 2001, is further amended as follows:

Name	Sequence	$K_D$ ( $\mu\text{mol}$ )
ZElan018	K(dns)-STPPSREAYSRPYSVDSDSDTNAKHSSHNRRLRTRSRPNG (SEQ ID NO:7)	>50.0
ZElan129	K(dns)-TNAKHSSHNRRLRTR (SEQ ID [NO:4] NO:12)	29.6
ZElan144	K(dns)-rtlrrmhsshkant (SEQ ID [NO:1] NO:9)	28.8
ZElan021	K(dns)-SDHALGTNLRSDNAKEPGDYNCCGNGNSTGRKVFNRRRPSAIFT (SEQ ID NO:8)	6.7
ZElan091	K(dns)-PGDYNCCGNGNSTG (SEQ ID [NO:6] NO:14)	0.75
ZElan146	K(dns)-gtsngngccnydgp (SEQ ID [NO:3] NO:11)	21.65

Please replace the paragraph at page 20, line 22 to page 21, line 2, already amended on October 5, 2001, with the following paragraph:

-- ZElan021, full length HAX42 [K(dns)-  
SDHALGTNLRSNAKEPGDYNCCGNGNSTGRKVFNRRRPSAIP] (SEQ ID NO:53;  
dansylated version is SEQ ID NO:8) was given the arbitrary value of 1.00 for binding to P100 at a given peptide concentration determined from the signal-to-noise ratio data. Table 2 shows the results of P100 assays with the HAX42 related peptides ZElan021, Zelan091 and ZElan146. Assay number 1 was at 20 µg/ml; 2 and 3 were at 50 µg/ml; and 4 through 8 were at 25 µg/ml. The results for the retro-inverted form, Zelan 146 show reasonable binding compared to the HAX42 fragment Zelan091 and that the activity of the GIT targeting agent was not eliminated when converted to its retro-inverted form. --

Please replace the paragraph at page 21, lines 5-11, already amended on October 5, 2001, with the following paragraph:

-- $K_D$  values, or the concentration of the peptide required to reach half maximal binding to Caco-2 P100 fractions, are given in Table 3 for ZElan021, full length HAX42, [K(dns)-  
SDHALGTNLRSNAKEPGDYNCCGNGNSTGRKVFNRRRPSAIP] (SEQ ID NO:53;  
dansylated version is SEQ ID NO:8), HAX42 fragment ZElan091, and the retro-inverted form of this fragment, ZElan146 as well as for ZElan018, full length PAX2, [K(dns)-  
STPPSREAYSRPYSVDS DSDTNAKHSSHNRRLTRSRPNG] (SEQ ID NO:7; dansylated version is SEQ ID NO:15), PAX2 fragment ZElan129, and the retro-inverted form of this fragment, ZELan144.--

**Appendix with pages from WO 98/512325**

The following pages are attached:

21-22

45-46

54-55

179-180

184-189

192-194

234-237

Material incorporated by reference into the present application is marked by a vertical black line in the right margins.

known in the art, including binding to a GIT transport receptor domain or to Caco-2 cells, *in vitro*, or to intestinal tissue, *in vivo*. (See the Examples *infra*.)

In particular, derivatives can be made by altering 5 GIT transport receptor-binding peptide sequences by substitutions, additions or deletions that provide for functionally equivalent molecules. Due to the degeneracy of nucleotide coding sequences, other nucleotide sequences which encode substantially the same amino acid sequence may be used 10 in the practice of the present invention. These include but are not limited to nucleotide sequences which are altered by the substitution of different codons that encode a functionally equivalent amino acid residue within the sequence, thus producing a silent change. Likewise, the GIT 15 transport receptor-binding peptide derivatives of the invention include, but are not limited to, those containing, as a primary amino acid sequence, all or part of the amino acid sequence of a GIT transport receptor-binding peptide including altered sequences in which functionally equivalent 20 amino acid residues are substituted for residues within the sequence resulting in a silent change. For example, one or more amino acid residues within the sequence can be substituted by another amino acid of a similar polarity which acts as a functional equivalent, resulting in a silent 25 alteration. Substitutes for an amino acid within the sequence may be selected from other members of the class to which the amino acid belongs. For example, the nonpolar (hydrophobic) amino acids include alanine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, proline, phenylalanine, tryptophan and 30 methionine. The polar neutral amino acids include glycine, serine, threonine, cysteine, tyrosine, asparagine, and glutamine. The positively charged (basic) amino acids include arginine, lysine and histidine. The negatively charged (acidic) amino acids include aspartic acid and 35 glutamic acid.

In a specific embodiment of the invention, proteins consisting of or, alternatively, comprising all or a fragment

of a GIT transport receptor-binding peptide consisting of at least 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30 or 35 (contiguous) amino acids of the full-length GIT transport receptor-binding peptide are provided. In a specific embodiment, such proteins are not more than 20, 30, 40, 50, or 75 amino acids in length.

Derivatives or analogs of GIT transport receptor-binding peptides include but are not limited to those molecules comprising regions that are substantially homologous to GIT transport receptor-binding peptides or fragments thereof (e.g., at least 50%, 60%, 70%, 80% or 90% identity) (e.g., over an identical size sequence or when compared to an aligned sequence in which the alignment is done by a computer homology program known in the art) or whose encoding nucleic acid is capable of hybridizing to a coding GIT transport receptor-binding peptide sequence, under stringent, moderately stringent, or nonstringent conditions.

In a specific embodiment, the GIT transport receptor-binding derivatives of the invention are not known proteins with homology to the GIT transport receptor-binding peptides of the invention or portions thereof.

The GIT transport receptor-binding peptide derivatives and analogs of the invention can be produced by various methods known in the art. The manipulations which result in their production can occur at the gene or protein level. For example, the cloned GIT transport receptor-binding peptide gene sequence can be modified by any of numerous strategies known in the art (Maniatis, T., 1990, Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, 2d ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, New York). The sequence can be cleaved at appropriate sites with restriction endonuclease(s), followed by further enzymatic modification if desired, isolated, and ligated *in vitro*. In the production of the gene encoding a derivative or analog of GIT transport receptor-binding peptides, care should be taken to ensure that the modified gene remains within the same translational reading frame uninterrupted by translational

form, together with a suitable amount of carrier so as to provide the form for proper administration to the patient.

The Therapeutics of the invention can be formulated as neutral or salt forms. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts 5 include those formed with free amino groups such as those derived from hydrochloric, phosphoric, acetic, oxalic, tartaric acids, etc., and those formed with free carboxyl groups such as those derived from sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, ferric hydroxides, isopropylamine, 10 triethylamine, 2-ethylamino ethanol, histidine, procaine, etc.

The amount of the Therapeutic of the invention which will be effective in the treatment of a particular disorder or condition will depend on the nature of the 15 disorder or condition, and can be determined by standard clinical techniques. In addition, *in vitro* assays may optionally be employed to help identify optimal dosage ranges. The precise dose to be employed in the formulation will also depend on the route of administration, and the 20 seriousness of the disease or disorder, and should be decided according to the judgment of the practitioner and each patient's circumstances.

## 6. EXAMPLES

### 25 6.1. Selection of GIT Receptor Targets

The HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI receptors were selected for cloning as GIT receptor targets based on several criteria, including: (1) expression on surface of epithelial cells in gastro-intestinal tract (GIT); (2) expression along 30 the length of small intestine (HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H); (3) expression locally at high concentration (hSI); (4) large putative extracellular domains facing into the lumen of the GIT; and (5) extracellular domains that permit easy access and bioadhesion by targeting particles.

35 The four recombinant receptor sites screened with the peptide libraries additionally have the following characteristics:

<u>Receptor</u>	<u>Characteristics</u>
D2H	Transport of neutral/basic amino acids; a transport activating protein for a range of amino acid translocases
5 hSI	Metabolism of sucrose and other sugars; represents 9% of brush border membrane protein in Jejunum
HPT1	di/tri peptide transporter or facilitator of peptide transport
hPEPT1	di/tri peptide transporter
10 D2H	Figures 1-4 (SEQ ID NOS:176, 178, 179, and 181, respectively) show the predicted amino acid sequences for hPEPT1, HPT1, hSI and D2H, respectively.

15           6.2. Cloning of Extracellular Domain of Selected Receptor Site

The following receptor domains were cloned and expressed as His-tag fusion proteins by standard techniques:

<u>Receptor</u>	<u>Domain (amino acid residues)</u>
20 hPEPT1 <sup>a</sup>	391-571
HPT1 <sup>b</sup>	29-273
hSI <sup>c</sup>	272-667
D2H <sup>d</sup>	387-685

25           <sup>a</sup> Liang et al., 1995, J. Biol. Chem. 270:6456-6463

<sup>b</sup> Dantzig et al., 1994, Association of Intestinal Peptide Transport with a Protein Related to the Cadherin Superfamily

<sup>c</sup> Chantret et al., Biochem. J. 285:915-923

<sup>d</sup> Bertran et al., J. Biol. Chem. 268:14842-14949

30           The receptor proteins were expressed as His-tag fusion proteins and affinity purified under denaturing conditions, using urea or guanidine HCl, utilizing the pET His-tag metal chelate affinity for Ni-NTA Agarose (Hochuli, E., Purification of recombinant proteins with metal chelate adsorbent, Genetic Engineering, Principals and Methods (J.K. Setlow, ed.), Plenum Press, NY, Vol. 12 (1990), pp. 87-98).

plates were treated with PBS containing 0.1% phenylhydrazine for one hour at 37°C followed by two PBS washes and blocking for one hour with 0.5%BSA-PBS. The standard ELISA procedure was followed at this point.

5 Phage which showed specificity to a GIT receptor was further characterized by ELISA on a variety of recombinant proteins. Phage which continued to exhibit GIT receptor specificity was sequenced.

10

Table 7

TARGET BINDING PHAGE INSERT SEQUENCES:

<u>hSI</u>	<u>SEQ.</u> <u>ID. NO.</u>	
S15	1	RSGAYESPDRGGRSYVGGGGCGNIGRKHNWLRTASPACWD
S21	2	SPRSFWPVVSRRHESFGISNYLGCGYRTCISGTMTKSSPIYPRHS
15 S22	3	SSSSDWGGVPGKVVRERFKGRGCGISITSVLTGKPNCPEPKAA
SNi10	4	RVGQCTSDVRRPWARSCAHQCGAGTRNSHGCITRPLRQASAH
SNi28	5	SHSGGMNRAYGDVFRELDRWNATSHHTRPTPQLPRGPN
SNi34	6	SPCGGSWGRFMQGGLFGGRTDGCGAHRNRTSASLEPPSSDY
SNi38	7	RGAADQRRGWSENLGLPRVGWDIAHNSYTFTSRRPRPP
20 SNi45	8	SGGEVSSWGRVNNDLCARVSWTGCCTARSARTDNKGFLPKHSSLR
SNiAX2	9	SDSDGDHYGLRGGVRCSLRDRGCGLALSTVHAGPPSFYPKLSSP
SNiAX4	10	RSLGNYGVTGTVDTVLPMPGHANHLGVSSASSSDPPRR
SNiAX6	11	RTTTAKGCLLGSFGVLSGCSFTPSPPHLGYPHSVN
SNiAX8	12	SPKLSSVGVMTKVTELPTEGPNAISIPISATLGPRNPLR
25		
	<u>D2H</u>	
DAB3	13	RWCGAELCNSVTKKFRPGWRDHANPSTHHRTPPPSQSSP
DAB7	14	RWCGADDPCGASRWGGNSLFGCGLRCSAAQSTPSGRIHSTSTS
DAB10	15	SKSGEGGDSSRGETGWARVRSHAMTAGRFRWYNQLPSDR
30 DAB18	16	RSSANNCEWKSDWMRRACIARYANSSGPARAVDTKAAP
DAB24	17	SKWSWSSRWGSPQDKVEKTRAGCGGSPSSTNCHPYTFAPPQAG
DAB30	18	SGFWEFSRGLWDGENRKSVRSGCGFRGSSAQGPCPVTPATIDKH
DAX15	19	SESGRCRSVSRWMTTWQTQKGGCGSNVSRGSPLDPSHQTHATT
DAX23	20	REWRFAGPPLDLWAGPSLPSFNASSHPRALRTYWSQRPR
35 DAX24	21	RMEDIKNSGWRDSCRWGDLRPGCGSRQWYPSNMRSSRDYPAGGH
DAX27	22	SHPWYRHWNHGDFSGSGQSRHTPPESPHPGRPNATI

	DCX8	23	RYKHDIGCDAGVDKKSSSVRGCGAHSSPPRAGRGRGPRGTMVSRL
	DCX11	24	SQGSKQCMQYRTGRLTVGSEYGCNMNPARHATPAYPARLLPRYR
	DCX26	25	SGRTTSEISGLWGWGDDRSGYWGNTLRPNYIPYRQATNRHRYT
	DCX33	26	RWNWTVLPATGGHYWTRSTDYHAINNHRPSIPHQHPTPI
5	DCX36	27	SWSSWNWSSKTTLGDRAATREGCGPSQSDGCPYNGRLTTVKPRT
	DCX39	28	SGSLNAWQPRSWVGGAFRSHANNNLNPKPTMVTRHPT
	DCX42	29	RYSGLSPRDNGPACSQEATLEGCGAQQLMSTRRKGRNSRPGWTL
	DCX45	30	SVGNDKTSRPVSYGRVSDLWNASLMPKRTPSSKRHDDG
10	<u>hPEPT1</u>		
	PAX9	31	RWPSSVGYKGNGSDTIDVHSNDASTKRSLIYNHRRPLFP
	PAX14	32	RTFENDGLGVGRSIQKKSDRWYASHNIRSHFASMSPAGK
	PAX15	33	SYCRVKGGEGGGHTDSNLARSGCGKVARTSRLQHINPRATPPSR
	PAX16	34	SWTRWGKHTHGGFVNKSPPGKNATSPYTDALQPSDQGPP
15	PAX17	35	SQVDSFRNSFRWYEPSRALCHCGKRDSTTRIHNSPSDSYPTR
	PAX18	36	SFLRFQSPRFEDYSRTISRLRNATNPSNVSDAHNNRALA
	PAX35	37	RSITDGGINEVDLSSVSNVLENANSHRAYRKHRPTLKRP
	PAX38	38	SSKVSSPRDPTVPRKGGNVDYGCCHRSSARMPTSALSSITKCYT
	PAX40	39	RASTQGGRGVAPEFGASVLGRGCGSATYYTNSTCKDAMGHNYS
20	PAX43	40	RWCEHKHFTAARCSAGAGFERDASRPPQPAHRDNTRNA
	PAX45	41	SFQVYPDHGLERHALDTGPLYAMPGRWIRARPQNDRDQ
	PAX46	42	SRCTDNEQCPTGTRSRSVSNARYFSSRLLKTHAPHRP
	P31	43	SARDSGPAEDGSRAVRLNGVENANTRKSSRSNPRGRRHP
	P90	44	SSADAECAGSLLWWGRQNNSGCCSPTKKHLKHRNRSQTSSSSH
25	5PAX3	45	RPKNVADAYSSQDGAAAETSHASNAARKSPKHPLRRP
	5PAX5	46	RGSTGTAGGERSGVNLHTRDNASGSGFKPWPSNRGHK
	5PAX7	47	RWGWERSPSDYDSDMDLGARRYATRTHRAPPRLKAPLP
	5PAX12	48	RGWKCEGSQAAYGDKDIGSRGCGSITKNNTNHAHPHSGAVAKI
30	<u>HPT-1</u>		
	HAX9	49	SREEANWDGYKREMHSRWFWDATHLSRPRPANGDPN
	HAX35	50	EWYSWKRSSKSTGLGDTATREGCGPSQSDGCPYNGRLTTVKPRK
	HAX40	51	REFAERRLWGCDLWRLDAAEGCGPTPSNRAVKHRKPRPRSPAL
	HAX42	52	SDHALGTNLRSDNAKEPGDYNCCNGNSTGRKVFNRRPSAIPT
35	HCA3	53	RHISEYSFANSHLMGGESKRKGCGINGSFSPTCPRSPTPAFRRT
	H40	54	SRESGMWGSWRGHRLNSTGGNANMNASLPPDPVVSTP
	PAX2	55	STPPSREAYSRPYSVDSDSDTNAKHSSHNRRLTRSRPN

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:175:

Arg Arg Leu Arg Thr Arg Ser Arg Pro Asn  
 1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:176:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 708 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:176:

15 Met Gly Met Ser Lys Ser His Ser Phe Phe Gly Tyr Pro Leu Ser Ile  
 1 5 10 15  
 Phe Phe Ile Val Val Asn Glu Phe Cys Glu Arg Phe Ser Tyr Tyr Gly  
 20 25 30  
 Met Arg Ala Ile Leu Ile Leu Tyr Phe Thr Asn Phe Ile Ser Trp Asp  
 35 40 45  
 Asp Asn Leu Ser Thr Ala Ile Tyr His Thr Phe Val Ala Leu Cys Tyr  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Thr Pro Ile Leu Gly Ala Leu Ile Ala Asp Ser Trp Leu Gly Lys  
 65 70 75 80  
 20 Phe Lys Thr Ile Val Ser Leu Ser Ile Val Tyr Thr Ile Gly Gln Ala  
 85 90 95  
 Val Thr Ser Val Ser Ser Ile Asn Asp Leu Thr Asp His Asn His Asp  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Thr Pro Asp Ser Leu Pro Val His Val Val Leu Ser Leu Ile Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Leu Ala Leu Ile Ala Leu Gly Thr Gly Ile Lys Pro Cys Val Ser  
 130 135 140  
 25 Ala Phe Gly Gly Asp Gln Phe Glu Glu Gly Gln Glu Lys Gln Arg Asn  
 145 150 155 160  
 Arg Phe Phe Ser Ile Phe Tyr Leu Ala Ile Asn Ala Gly Ser Leu Leu  
 165 170 175  
 Ser Thr Ile Ile Thr Pro Met Leu Arg Val Gln Gln Cys Gly Ile His  
 180 185 190  
 Ser Lys Gln Ala Cys Tyr Pro Leu Ala Phe Gly Val Pro Ala Ala Leu  
 195 200 205  
 Met Ala Val Ala Leu Ile Val Phe Val Leu Gly Ser Gly Met Tyr Lys  
 210 215 220  
 30 Lys Phe Lys Pro Gln Gly Asn Ile Met Gly Lys Val Ala Lys Cys Ile  
 225 230 235 240  
 Gly Phe Ala Ile Lys Asn Arg Phe Arg His Arg Ser Lys Ala Phe Pro  
 245 250 255  
 Lys Arg Glu His Trp Leu Asp Trp Ala Lys Glu Lys Tyr Asp Glu Arg  
 260 265 270  
 Leu Ile Ser Gln Ile Lys Met Val Thr Arg Val Met Phe Leu Tyr Ile  
 275 280 285  
 35 Pro Leu Pro Met Phe Trp Ala Leu Phe Asp Gln Gln Gly Ser Arg Trp  
 290 295 300  
 Thr Leu Gln Ala Thr Thr Met Ser Gly Lys Ile Gly Ala Leu Glu Ile  
 305 310 315 320  
 Gln Pro Asp Gln Met Gln Thr Val Asn Ala Ile Leu Ile Val Ile Met

	325	330	335
	Val Pro Ile Phe Asp Ala Val Leu Tyr Pro Leu Ile Ala Lys Cys Gly		
	340	345	350
	Phe Asn Phe Thr Ser Leu Lys Lys Met Ala Val Gly Met Val Leu Ala		
	355	360	365
	Ser Met Ala Phe Val Val Ala Ala Ile Val Gln Val Glu Ile Asp Lys		
	370	375	380
5	Thr Leu Pro Val Phe Pro Lys Gly Asn Glu Val Gln Ile Lys Val Leu		
	385	390	395
	Asn Ile Gly Asn Asn Thr Met Asn Ile Ser Leu Pro Gly Glu Met Val		400
	405	410	415
	Thr Leu Gly Pro Met Ser Gln Thr Asn Ala Phe Met Thr Phe Asp Val		
	420	425	430
	Asn Lys Leu Thr Arg Ile Asn Ile Ser Ser Pro Gly Ser Pro Val Thr		
	435	440	445
	Ala Val Thr Asp Asp Phe Lys Gln Gly Gln Arg His Thr Leu Leu Val		
10	450	455	460
	Trp Ala Pro Asn His Tyr Gln Val Val Lys Asp Gly Leu Asn Gln Lys		
	465	470	475
	Pro Glu Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly Ile Arg Phe Val Asn Thr Phe Asn Glu		480
	485	490	495
	Leu Ile Thr Ile Thr Met Ser Gly Lys Val Tyr Ala Asn Ile Ser Ser		
	500	505	510
	Tyr Asn Ala Ser Thr Tyr Gln Phe Phe Pro Ser Gly Ile Lys Gly Phe		
	515	520	525
15	Thr Ile Ser Ser Thr Glu Ile Pro Pro Gln Cys Gln Pro Asn Phe Asn		
	530	535	540
	Thr Phe Tyr Leu Glu Phe Gly Ser Ala Tyr Thr Tyr Ile Val Gln Arg		
	545	550	555
	Lys Asn Asp Ser Cys Pro Glu Val Lys Val Phe Glu Asp Ile Ser Ala		560
	565	570	575
	Asn Thr Val Asn Met Ala Leu Gln Ile Pro Gln Tyr Phe Leu Leu Thr		
	580	585	590
	Cys Gly Glu Val Val Phe Ser Val Thr Gly Leu Glu Phe Ser Tyr Ser		
20	595	600	605
	Gln Ala Pro Ser Asn Met Lys Ser Val Leu Gln Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu		
	610	615	620
	Thr Val Ala Val Gly Asn Ile Ile Val Leu Ile Val Ala Gly Ala Gly		
	625	630	635
	Gln Phe Ser Lys Gln Trp Ala Glu Tyr Ile Leu Phe Ala Ala Leu Leu		640
	645	650	655
	Leu Val Val Cys Val Val Phe Ala Ile Met Ala Arg Phe Tyr Thr Tyr		
	660	665	670
25	Ile Asn Pro Ala Glu Ile Glu Ala Gln Phe Asp Glu Asp Glu Lys Lys		
	675	680	685
	Asn Arg Leu Glu Lys Ser Asn Pro Tyr Phe Met Ser Gly Ala Asn Ser		
	690	695	700
	Gln Lys Gln Met		
	705		

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:177:

30           (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
               (A) LENGTH: 3345 base pairs  
               (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
               (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
               (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(iii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA  
 (ix) FEATURE:

35           (A) NAME/KEY: Coding Sequence  
               (B) LOCATION: 88...2583  
               (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

CAC CAG ACT GGG ATA CCC ACT GTG GGC ATG GCA GTT GGT ATA CTG CTG His Gln Thr Gly Ile Pro Thr Val Gly Met Ala Val Gly Ile Leu Leu 780 785 790	2466
ACC ACC CTT CTG GTG ATT GGT ATA ATT TTA GCA GTT GTG TTT ATC CGC Thr Thr Leu Leu Val Ile Gly Ile Leu Ala Val Val Phe Ile Arg 795 800 805	2514
<b>5</b> ATA AAG AAG GAT AAA GGC AAA GAT AAT GTT GAA AGT GCT CAA GCA TCT Ile Lys Lys Asp Lys Gly Lys Asp Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Gln Ala Ser 810 815 820 825	2562
GAA GTC AAA CCT CTG AGA AGC TGAATTTGAA AAGGAATGTT TGAATTTATA TAGC Glu Val Lys Pro Leu Arg Ser 830	2617
<b>10</b> AAGTGCTATT TCAGCAACAA CCATCTCATC CTATTACTTT TCATCTAACG TGCATTATAA TTTTTTAAC AGATATTCCC TCTTGTCCTT TAATATTGC TAAATATTTC TTGAGG TGGAGTCTTG CTCTGTCGCC CAGGCTGGAG TACAGTGGTG TGATCCCAGC TCACTGCAAC CTCCGCCTCC TGGGTTCACCA TGATTCTCTT GCCTCAGCTT CCTAAGTAGC TGGGTTTACA GGCACCCACC ACCATGCCCA GCTAATTAAA GTATTTTAA TAGAGACGGG GTTTCGCCAT TTGGCCAGGG TGGTCTTGAA CTCCTGACGT CAAGTGATCT GCCTGCCTTG GTCTCCCAAT ACAGGCATGA ACCACTGCAC CCACCTACTT AGATATTCA TGTGCTATAG ACATTAGAGA GATTTTCAT TTTTCCATGA CATTTTTCT CTCTGCAAAT GGCTTAGCTA CTTGTGTTTT TCCCTTTGG GCGAAGACAG ACTCATTAAA TATTCTGTAC ATTGTTCTT TATCAAGGAG <b>15</b> ATATATCAGT GTTGTCTCAT AGAACTGCCT GGATTCCATT TATGTTTTTT CTGATTCAT CCTGTGTCCTT CTTCATCCTT GACTCCTTG GTATTCACT GAATTTCAAA CATTGTCAG AGAAGAAAAA AGTGAGGACT CAGGAAAAAT AAATAAATAA AAGAACAGCC TTTGCGGCC GCGAATTG	2677 2737 2797 2857 2917 2977 3037 3097 3157 3217 3277 3337 3345

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:178:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 832 amino acids  
**20** (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:178:

Met Ile Leu Gln Ala His Leu His Ser Leu Cys Leu Leu Met Leu Tyr 25 1 5 10 15
Leu Ala Thr Gly Tyr Gly Gln Glu Gly Lys Phe Ser Gly Pro Leu Lys 20 20 25 30
Pro Met Thr Phe Ser Ile Tyr Glu Gly Gln Glu Pro Ser Gln Ile Ile 35 35 40 45
Phe Gln Phe Lys Ala Asn Pro Pro Ala Val Thr Phe Glu Leu Thr Gly 50 50 55 60
Glu Thr Asp Asn Ile Phe Val Ile Glu Arg Glu Gly Leu Leu Tyr Tyr 65 65 70 75 80
Asn Arg Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Thr Arg Ser Thr His Asn Leu Gln Val <b>30</b> 85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Asp Ala Asn Gly Ile Ile Val Glu Gly Pro Val Pro Ile 100 100 105 110
Thr Ile Glu Val Lys Asp Ile Asn Asp Asn Arg Pro Thr Phe Leu Gln 115 115 120 125
Ser Lys Tyr Glu Gly Ser Val Arg Gln Asn Ser Arg Pro Gly Lys Pro 130 130 135 140
Phe Leu Tyr Val Asn Ala Thr Asp Leu Asp Asp Pro Ala Thr Pro Asn <b>35</b> 145 145 150 155 160
Gly Gln Leu Tyr Tyr Gln Ile Val Ile Gln Leu Pro Met Ile Asn Asn 165 165 170 175
Val Met Tyr Phe Gln Ile Asn Asn Lys Thr Gly Ala Ile Ser Leu Thr 180 180 185 190

Arg Glu Gly Ser Gln Glu Leu Asn Pro Ala Lys Asn Pro Ser Tyr Asn  
 195 200 205  
 Leu Val Ile Ser Val Lys Asp Met Gly Gly Gln Ser Glu Asn Ser Phe  
 210 215 220  
 Ser Asp Thr Thr Ser Val Asp Ile Ile Val Thr Glu Asn Ile Trp Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ala Pro Lys Pro Val Glu Met Val Glu Asn Ser Thr Asp Pro His Pro  
 245 250 255  
 5 Ile Lys Ile Thr Gln Val Arg Trp Asn Asp Pro Gly Ala Gln Tyr Ser  
 260 265 270  
 Leu Val Asp Lys Glu Lys Leu Pro Arg Phe Pro Phe Ser Ile Asp Gln  
 275 280 285  
 Glu Gly Asp Ile Tyr Val Thr Gln Pro Leu Asp Arg Glu Glu Lys Asp  
 290 295 300  
 Ala Tyr Val Phe Tyr Ala Val Ala Lys Asp Glu Tyr Gly Lys Pro Leu  
 305 310 315 320  
 10 Ser Tyr Pro Leu Glu Ile His Val Lys Val Lys Asp Ile Asn Asp Asn  
 325 330 335  
 Pro Pro Thr Cys Pro Ser Pro Val Thr Val Phe Glu Val Gln Glu Asn  
 340 345 350  
 Glu Arg Leu Gly Asn Ser Ile Gly Thr Leu Thr Ala His Asp Arg Asp  
 355 360 365  
 Glu Glu Asn Thr Ala Asn Ser Phe Leu Asn Tyr Arg Ile Val Glu Gln  
 370 375 380  
 Thr Pro Lys Leu Pro Met Asp Gly Leu Phe Leu Ile Gln Thr Tyr Ala  
 385 390 395 400  
 15 Gly Met Leu Gln Leu Ala Lys Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Gln Asp Thr Pro  
 405 410 415  
 Gln Tyr Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Val Ser Asp Lys Asp Phe Lys Thr Leu  
 420 425 430  
 Cys Phe Val Gln Ile Asn Val Ile Asp Ile Asn Asp Gln Ile Pro Ile  
 435 440 445  
 Phe Glu Lys Ser Asp Tyr Gly Asn Leu Thr Leu Ala Glu Asp Thr Asn  
 450 455 460  
 20 Ile Gly Ser Thr Ile Leu Thr Ile Gln Ala Thr Asp Ala Asp Glu Pro  
 465 470 475 480  
 Phe Thr Gly Ser Ser Lys Ile Leu Tyr His Ile Ile Lys Gly Asp Ser  
 485 490 495  
 Glu Gly Arg Leu Gly Val Asp Thr Asp Pro His Thr Asn Thr Gly Tyr  
 500 505 510  
 Val Ile Ile Lys Lys Pro Leu Asp Phe Glu Thr Ala Ala Val Ser Asn  
 515 520 525  
 Ile Val Phe Lys Ala Glu Asn Pro Glu Pro Leu Val Phe Gly Val Lys  
 530 535 540  
 25 Tyr Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Ala Lys Phe Thr Leu Ile Val Thr Asp Val  
 545 550 555 560  
 Asn Glu Ala Pro Gln Phe Ser Gln His Val Phe Gln Ala Lys Val Ser  
 565 570 575  
 Glu Asp Val Ala Ile Gly Thr Lys Val Gly Asn Val Thr Ala Lys Asp  
 580 585 590  
 Pro Glu Gly Leu Asp Ile Ser Tyr Ser Leu Arg Gly Asp Thr Arg Gly  
 595 600 605  
 30 Trp Leu Lys Ile Asp His Val Thr Gly Glu Ile Phe Ser Val Ala Pro  
 610 615 620  
 Leu Asp Arg Glu Ala Gly Ser Pro Tyr Arg Val Gln Val Val Ala Thr  
 625 630 635 640  
 Glu Val Gly Gly Ser Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Ser Glu Phe His Leu Ile  
 645 650 655  
 Leu Met Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro Arg Leu Ala Lys Asp Tyr Thr  
 660 665 670  
 Gly Leu Phe Phe Cys His Pro Leu Ser Ala Pro Gly Ser Leu Ile Phe  
 675 680 685  
 35 Glu Ala Thr Asp Asp Asp Gln His Leu Phe Arg Gly Pro His Phe Thr  
 690 695 700  
 Phe Ser Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Leu Gln Asn Asp Trp Glu Val Ser Lys  
 705 710 715 720

Ile Asn Gly Thr His Ala Arg Leu Ser Thr Arg His Thr Asp Phe Glu  
 725 730 735  
 Glu Arg Ala Tyr Val Val Leu Ile Arg Ile Asn Asp Gly Gly Arg Pro  
 740 745 750  
 Pro Leu Glu Gly Ile Val Ser Leu Pro Val Thr Phe Cys Ser Cys Val  
 755 760 765  
 Glu Gly Ser Cys Phe Arg Pro Ala Gly His Gln Thr Gly Ile Pro Thr  
 770 775 780  
 5 Val Gly Met Ala Val Gly Ile Leu Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Val Ile Gly  
 785 790 795 800  
 Ile Ile Leu Ala Val Val Phe Ile Arg Ile Lys Lys Asp Lys Gly Lys  
 805 810 815  
 Asp Asn Val Glu Ser Ala Gln Ala Ser Glu Val Lys Pro Leu Arg Ser  
 820 825 830

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:179:

- 10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1827 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## 15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:179:

Met Ala Arg Lys Lys Phe Ser Gly Leu Glu Ile Ser Leu Ile Val Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Phe Val Ile Val Thr Ile Ile Ala Ile Ala Leu Ile Val Val Leu Ala  
 20 25 30  
 Thr Lys Thr Pro Ala Val Asp Glu Ile Ser Asp Ser Thr Ser Thr Pro  
 35 40 45  
 Ala Thr Thr Arg Val Thr Thr Asn Pro Ser Asp Ser Gly Lys Cys Pro  
 50 55 60  
 20 Asn Val Leu Asn Asp Pro Val Asn Val Arg Ile Asn Cys Ile Pro Glu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gln Phe Pro Thr Glu Gly Ile Cys Ala Gln Arg Gly Cys Cys Trp Arg  
 85 90 95  
 Pro Trp Asn Asp Ser Leu Ile Pro Trp Cys Phe Phe Val Asp Asn His  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Tyr Asn Val Gln Asp Met Thr Thr Ser Ile Gly Val Glu Ala  
 115 120 125  
 25 Lys Leu Asn Arg Ile Pro Ser Pro Thr Leu Phe Gly Asn Asp Ile Asn  
 130 135 140  
 Ser Val Leu Phe Thr Thr Gln Asn Gln Thr Pro Asn Arg Phe Arg Phe  
 145 150 155 160  
 Lys Ile Thr Asp Pro Asn Asn Arg Arg Tyr Glu Val Pro His Gln Tyr  
 165 170 175  
 Val Lys Glu Phe Thr Gly Pro Thr Val Ser Asp Thr Leu Tyr Asp Val  
 180 185 190  
 Lys Val Ala Gln Asn Pro Phe Ser Ile Gln Val Ile Arg Lys Ser Asn  
 195 200 205  
 30 Gly Lys Thr Leu Phe Asp Thr Ser Ile Gly Pro Leu Val Tyr Ser Asp  
 210 215 220  
 Gln Tyr Leu Gln Ile Ser Ala Arg Leu Pro Ser Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Gly  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ile Gly Glu Gln Val His Lys Arg Phe Arg His Asp Leu Ser Trp Lys  
 245 250 255  
 Thr Trp Pro Ile Phe Thr Arg Asp Gln Leu Pro Gly Asp Asn Asn Asn  
 260 265 270  
 35 Asn Leu Tyr Gly His Gln Thr Phe Phe Met Cys Ile Glu Asp Thr Ser  
 275 280 285  
 Gly Lys Ser Phe Gly Val Phe Leu Met Asn Ser Asn Ala Met Glu Ile  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Ile Gln Pro Thr Pro Ile Val Thr Tyr Arg Val Thr Gly Gly Ile

	305	310	315	320
	Leu Asp Phe Tyr Ile Leu Leu Gly Asp Thr Pro Glu Gln Val Val Gln			
	325	330	335	
	Gln Tyr Gln Gln Leu Val Gly Leu Pro Ala Met Pro Ala Tyr Trp Asn			
	340	345	350	
	Leu Gly Phe Gln Leu Ser Arg Trp Asn Tyr Lys Ser Leu Asp Val Val			
	355	360	365	
5	Lys Glu Val Val Arg Arg Asn Arg Glu Ala Gly Ile Pro Phe Asp Thr			
	370	375	380	
	Gln Val Thr Asp Ile Asp Tyr Met Glu Asp Lys Lys Asp Phe Thr Tyr			
	385	390	395	400
	Asp Gln Val Ala Phe Asn Gly Leu Pro Gln Phe Val Gln Asp Leu His			
	405	410	415	
	Asp His Gly Gln Lys Tyr Val Ile Ile Leu Asp Pro Ala Ile Ser Ile			
	420	425	430	
	Gly Arg Arg Ala Asn Gly Thr Thr Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Glu Arg Gly Asn			
	435	440	445	
10	Thr Gln His Val Trp Ile Asn Glu Ser Asp Gly Ser Thr Pro Ile Ile			
	450	455	460	
	Gly Glu Val Trp Pro Gly Leu Thr Val Tyr Pro Asp Phe Thr Asn Pro			
	465	470	475	480
	Asn Cys Ile Asp Trp Trp Ala Asn Glu Cys Ser Ile Phe His Gln Glu			
	485	490	495	
	Val Gln Tyr Asp Gly Leu Trp Ile Asp Met Asn Glu Val Ser Ser Phe			
	500	505	510	
15	Ile Gln Gly Ser Thr Lys Gly Cys Asn Val Asn Lys Leu Asn Tyr Pro			
	515	520	525	
	Pro Phe Thr Pro Asp Ile Leu Asp Lys Leu Met Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ile			
	530	535	540	
	Cys Met Asp Ala Val Gln Asn Trp Gly Lys Gln Tyr Asp Val His Ser			
	545	550	555	560
	Leu Tyr Gly Tyr Ser Met Ala Ile Ala Thr Glu Gln Ala Val Gln Lys			
	565	570	575	
	Val Phe Pro Asn Lys Arg Ser Phe Ile Leu Thr Arg Ser Thr Phe Ala			
	580	585	590	
20	Gly Ser Gly Arg His Ala Ala His Trp Leu Gly Asp Asn Thr Ala Ser			
	595	600	605	
	Trp Glu Gln Met Glu Trp Ser Ile Thr Gly Met Leu Glu Phe Ser Leu			
	610	615	620	
	Phe Gly Ile Pro Leu Val Gly Ala Asp Ile Cys Gly Phe Val Ala Glu			
	625	630	635	640
	Thr Thr Glu Glu Leu Cys Arg Arg Trp Met Gln Leu Gly Ala Phe Tyr			
	645	650	655	
25	Pro Phe Ser Arg Asn His Asn Ser Asp Gly Tyr Glu His Gln Asp Pro			
	660	665	670	
	Ala Phe Phe Gly Gln Asn Ser Leu Leu Val Lys Ser Ser Arg Gln Tyr			
	675	680	685	
	Leu Thr Ile Arg Tyr Thr Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu Tyr Thr Leu Phe Tyr			
	690	695	700	
	Lys Ala His Val Phe Gly Glu Thr Val Ala Arg Pro Val Leu His Glu			
	705	710	715	720
	Phe Tyr Glu Asp Thr Asn Ser Trp Ile Glu Asp Thr Glu Phe Leu Trp			
	725	730	735	
30	Gly Pro Ala Leu Leu Ile Thr Pro Val Leu Lys Gln Gly Ala Asp Thr			
	740	745	750	
	Val Ser Ala Tyr Ile Pro Asp Ala Ile Trp Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Ser Gly			
	755	760	765	
	Ala Lys Arg Pro Trp Arg Lys Gln Arg Val Asp Met Tyr Leu Pro Ala			
	770	775	780	
	Asp Lys Ile Gly Leu His Leu Arg Gly Gly Tyr Ile Ile Pro Ile Gln			
	785	790	795	800
35	Glu Pro Asp Val Thr Thr Ala Ser Arg Lys Asn Pro Leu Gly Leu			
	805	810	815	
	Ile Val Ala Leu Gly Glu Asn Asn Thr Ala Lys Gly Asp Phe Phe Trp			
	820	825	830	
	Asp Asp Gly Glu Thr Lys Asp Thr Ile Gln Asn Gly Asn Tyr Ile Leu			

	835	840	845
	Tyr Thr Phe Ser Val Ser Asn Asn Thr Leu Asp Ile Val Cys Thr His		
	850	855	860
	Ser Ser Tyr Gln Glu Gly Thr Thr Leu Ala Phe Gln Thr Val Lys Ile		
	865	870	875
	Leu Gly Leu Thr Asp Ser Val Thr Glu Val Arg Val Ala Glu Asn Asn		880
	885	890	895
5	Gln Pro Met Asn Ala His Ser Asn Phe Thr Tyr Asp Ala Ser Asn Gln		
	900	905	910
	Val Leu Leu Ile Ala Asp Leu Lys Leu Asn Leu Gly Arg Asn Phe Ser		
	915	920	925
	Val Gln Trp Asn Gln Ile Phe Ser Glu Asn Glu Arg Phe Asn Cys Tyr		
	930	935	940
	Pro Asp Ala Asp Leu Ala Thr Glu Gln Lys Cys Thr Gln Arg Gly Cys		
	945	950	955
	Val Trp Arg Thr Gly Ser Ser Leu Ser Lys Ala Pro Glu Cys Tyr Phe		960
	965	970	975
10	Pro Arg Gln Asp Asn Ser Tyr Ser Val Asn Ser Ala Arg Tyr Ser Ser		
	980	985	990
	Met Gly Ile Thr Ala Asp Leu Gln Leu Asn Thr Ala Asn Ala Arg Ile		
	995	1000	1005
	Lys Leu Pro Ser Asp Pro Ile Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Glu Val Lys Tyr		
	1010	1015	1020
	His Lys Asn Asp Met Leu Gln Phe Lys Ile Tyr Asp Pro Gln Lys Lys		
	1025	1030	1035
	1040		
15	Arg Tyr Glu Val Pro Val Pro Leu Asn Ile Pro Thr Thr Pro Ile Ser		
	1045	1050	1055
	Thr Tyr Glu Asp Arg Leu Tyr Asp Val Glu Ile Lys Glu Asn Pro Phe		
	1060	1065	1070
	Gly Ile Gln Ile Arg Arg Ser Ser Gly Arg Val Ile Trp Asp Ser		
	1075	1080	1085
	Trp Leu Pro Gly Phe Ala Phe Asn Asp Gln Phe Ile Gln Ile Ser Thr		
	1090	1095	1100
	Arg Leu Pro Ser Glu Tyr Ile Tyr Gly Phe Gly Glu Val Glu His Thr		
20	1095	1110	1115
	1120		
	Ala Phe Lys Arg Asp Leu Asn Trp Asn Thr Trp Gly Met Phe Thr Arg		
	1125	1130	1135
	Asp Gln Pro Pro Gly Tyr Lys Leu Asn Ser Tyr Gly Phe His Pro Tyr		
	1140	1145	1150
	Tyr Met Ala Leu Glu Glu Gly Asn Ala His Gly Val Phe Leu Leu		
	1155	1160	1165
	Asn Ser Asn Ala Met Asp Val Thr Phe Gln Pro Thr Pro Ala Leu Thr		
	1170	1175	1180
25	Tyr Arg Thr Val Gly Ile Leu Asp Phe Tyr Met Phe Leu Gly Pro		
	1185	1190	1195
	1200		
	Thr Pro Gln Val Ala Thr Lys Gln Tyr His Glu Val Ile Gly His Pro		
	1205	1210	1215
	Val Met Pro Ala Tyr Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe Gln Leu Cys Arg Tyr Gly		
	1220	1225	1230
	1235	1240	1245
	Tyr Ala Asn Thr Ser Glu Val Arg Glu Leu Tyr Asp Ala Met Val Ala		
30	1250	1255	1260
	Ala Asn Ile Pro Tyr Asp Val Gln Tyr Thr Asp Ile Asp Tyr Met Glu		
	1265	1270	1275
	1280		
	Phe Val Asp Lys Ile Arg Gly Glu Gly Met Arg Tyr Ile Ile Leu		
	1285	1290	1295
	Asp Pro Ala Ile Ser Gly Asn Glu Thr Lys Thr Tyr Pro Ala Phe Glu		
	1300	1305	1310
	Arg Gly Gln Gln Asn Asp Val Phe Val Lys Trp Pro Asn Thr Asn Asp		
	1315	1320	1325
35	Ile Cys Trp Ala Lys Val Trp Pro Asp Leu Pro Asn Ile Thr Ile Asp		
	1330	1335	1340
	Lys Thr Leu Thr Glu Asp Glu Ala Val Asn Ala Ser Arg Ala His Val		
	1345	1350	1355
	1360		
	Ala Phe Pro Asp Phe Phe Arg Thr Ser Thr Ala Glu Trp Trp Ala Arg		

	1365	1370	1375
	Glu Ile Val Asp Phe Tyr Asn Glu Lys Met Lys Phe Asp Gly Leu Trp		
	1380	1385	1390
	Ile Asp Met Asn Glu Pro Ser Ser Phe Val Asn Gly Thr Thr Thr Asn		
	1395	1400	1405
	Gln Cys Arg Asn Asp Glu Leu Asn Tyr Pro Pro Tyr Phe Pro Glu Leu		
	1410	1415	1420
5	Thr Lys Arg Thr Asp Gly Leu His Phe Arg Thr Ile Cys Met Glu Ala		
	425	1430	1435
	Glu Gln Ile Leu Ser Asp Gly Thr Ser Val Leu His Tyr Asp Val His		
	1445	1450	1455
	Asn Leu Tyr Gly Trp Ser Gln Met Lys Pro Thr His Asp Ala Leu Gln		
	1460	1465	1470
	Lys Thr Thr Gly Lys Arg Gly Ile Val Ile Ser Arg Ser Thr Tyr Pro		
	1475	1480	1485
	Thr Ser Gly Arg Trp Gly Gly His Trp Leu Gly Asp Asn Tyr Ala Arg		
	1490	1495	1500
10	Trp Asp Asn Met Asp Lys Ser Ile Ile Gly Met Met Glu Phe Ser Leu		
	505	1510	1515
	Phe Gly Ile Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ala Asp Ile Cys Gly Phe Phe Asn Asn		
	1525	1530	1535
	Ser Glu Tyr His Leu Cys Thr Arg Trp Met Gln Leu Gly Ala Phe Tyr		
	1540	1545	1550
	Pro Tyr Ser Arg Asn His Asn Ile Ala Asn Thr Arg Arg Gln Asp Pro		
	1555	1560	1565
15	Ala Ser Trp Asn Glu Thr Phe Ala Glu Met Ser Arg Asn Ile Leu Asn		
	1570	1575	1580
	Ile Arg Tyr Thr Leu Leu Pro Tyr Phe Tyr Thr Gln Met His Glu Ile		
	585	1590	1595
	His Ala Asn Gly Gly Thr Val Ile Arg Pro Leu Leu His Glu Phe Phe		
	1605	1610	1615
	Asp Glu Lys Pro Thr Trp Asp Ile Phe Lys Gln Phe Leu Trp Gly Pro		
	1620	1625	1630
	Ala Phe Met Val Thr Pro Val Leu Glu Pro Tyr Val Gln Thr Val Asn		
	1635	1640	1645
20	Ala Tyr Val Pro Asn Ala Arg Trp Phe Asp Tyr His Thr Gly Lys Asp		
	1650	1655	1660
	Ile Gly Val Arg Gly Gln Phe Gln Thr Phe Asn Ala Ser Tyr Asp Thr		
	665	1670	1675
	Ile Asn Leu His Val Arg Gly Gly His Ile Leu Pro Cys Gln Glu Pro		
	1685	1690	1695
	Ala Gln Asn Thr Phe Tyr Ser Arg Gln Lys His Met Lys Leu Ile Val		
	1700	1705	1710
25	Ala Ala Asp Asp Asn Gln Met Ala Gln Gly Ser Leu Phe Trp Asp Asp		
	1715	1720	1725
	Gly Glu Ser Ile Asp Thr Tyr Glu Arg Asp Leu Tyr Leu Ser Val Gln		
	1730	1735	1740
	Phe Asn Leu Asn Gln Thr Thr Leu Thr Ser Thr Ile Leu Lys Arg Gly		
	745	1750	1755
	Tyr Ile Asn Lys Ser Glu Thr Arg Leu Gly Ser Leu His Val Trp Gly		
	1765	1770	1775
	Lys Gly Thr Thr Pro Val Asn Ala Val Thr Leu Thr Tyr Asn Gly Asn		
	1780	1785	1790
30	Lys Asn Ser Leu Pro Phe Asn Glu Asp Thr Thr Asn Met Ile Leu Arg		
	1795	1800	1805
	Ile Asp Leu Thr Thr His Asn Val Thr Leu Glu Pro Ile Glu Ile		
	1810	1815	1820
	Asn Trp Ser		
	825		

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:180:

35

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2284 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

	CTT TTC ACA CTC CCT GGA ACT CCT ATA ACT TAC TAT GGA GAA GAA ATT Leu Phe Thr Leu Pro Gly Thr Pro Ile Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Glu Glu Ile 470                          475                          480	1496
	GGA ATG GGA AAT ATT GTA GCC GCA AAT CTC AAT GAA AGC TAT GAT ATT Gly Met Gly Asn Ile Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Asn Glu Ser Tyr Asp Ile 485                          490                          495                          500	1544
5	AAT ACC CTT CGC TCA AAG TCA CCA ATG CAG TGG GAC AAT AGT TCA AAT Asn Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Ser Pro Met Gln Trp Asp Asn Ser Ser Asn 505                          510                          515	1592
	GCT GGT TTT TCT GAA GCT AGT AAC ACC TGG TTA CCT ACC AAT TCA GAT Ala Gly Phe Ser Glu Ala Ser Asn Thr Trp Leu Pro Thr Asn Ser Asp 520                          525                          530	1640
10	TAC CAC ACT GTG AAT GTT GAT GTC CAA AAG ACT CAG CCC AGA TCG GCT Tyr His Thr Val Asn Val Asp Val Gln Lys Thr Gln Pro Arg Ser Ala 535                          540                          545	1688
	TTG AAG TTA TAT CAA GAT TTA AGT CTA CTT CAT GCC AAT GAG CTA CTC Leu Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asp Leu Ser Leu Leu His Ala Asn Glu Leu Leu 550                          555                          560	1736
15	CTC AAC AGG GGC TGG TTT TGC CAT TTG AGG AAT GAC AGC CAC TAT GTT Leu Asn Arg Gly Trp Phe Cys His Leu Arg Asn Asp Ser His Tyr Val 565                          570                          575                          580	1784
	GTG TAC ACA AGA GAG CTG GAT GGC ATC GAC AGA ATC TTT ATC GTG GTT Val Tyr Thr Arg Glu Leu Asp Gly Ile Asp Arg Ile Phe Ile Val Val 585                          590                          595	1832
20	CTG AAT TTT GGA GAA TCA ACA CTG TTA AAT CTA CAT AAT ATG ATT TCG Leu Asn Phe Gly Glu Ser Thr Leu Leu Asn Leu His Asn Met Ile Ser 600                          605                          610	1880
	GGC CTT CCC GCT AAA ATA AGA ATA AGG TTA AGT ACC AAT TCT GCC GAC Gly Leu Pro Ala Lys Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ser Thr Asn Ser Ala Asp 615                          620                          625	1928
	AAA GGC AGT AAA GTT GAT ACA AGT GGC ATT TTT CTG GAC AAG GGA GAG Lys Gly Ser Lys Val Asp Thr Ser Gly Ile Phe Leu Asp Lys Gly Glu 630                          635                          640	1976
25	GGA CTC ATC TTT GAA CAC AAC ACG AAG AAT CTC CTT CAT CGC CAA ACA Gly Leu Ile Phe Glu His Asn Thr Lys Asn Leu Leu His Arg Gln Thr 645                          650                          655                          660	2024
	GCT TTC AGA GAT AGA TGC TTT GTT TCC AAT CGA GCA TGC TAT TCC AGT Ala Phe Arg Asp Arg Cys Phe Val Ser Asn Arg Ala Cys Tyr Ser Ser 665                          670                          675	2072
30	GTA CTG AAC ATA CTG TAT ACC TCG TGT TAGGCACCTT TATGAAGAGA TGAAGAC Val Leu Asn Ile Leu Tyr Thr Ser Cys 680                          685	2126
	ACTGGCATTT CAGTGGGATT GTAAGCATTG GTAATAGCTT CATGTACAGC ATGCTGCTTG GTGAACAATC ATTAATTCTT CGATATTCT GTAGCTTGAA TGTAACCGCT TTAAGAAAGG TTCTCAAATG TTTGAAAAAA AATAAAATGT TTAAAAGT	2186 2246 2284

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:181:

35

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 685 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS:

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:181:

Met Ala Glu Asp Lys Ser Lys Arg Asp Ser Ile Glu Met Ser Met Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Cys Gln Thr Asn Asn Gly Phe Val His Asn Glu Asp Ile Leu Glu  
 20 25 30  
 Gln Thr Pro Asp Pro Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Asn Leu Lys His Ser Thr  
 35 40 45  
 Arg Gly Ile Leu Gly Ser Gln Glu Pro Asp Phe Lys Gly Val Gln Pro  
 50 55 60  
 Tyr Ala Gly Met Pro Lys Glu Val Leu Phe Gln Phe Ser Gly Gln Ala  
 65 70 75 80  
 10 Arg Tyr Arg Ile Pro Arg Glu Ile Leu Phe Trp Leu Thr Val Ala Ser  
 85 90 95  
 Val Leu Val Leu Ile Ala Ala Thr Ile Ala Ile Ile Ala Leu Ser Pro  
 100 105 110  
 Lys Cys Leu Asp Trp Trp Gln Glu Gly Pro Met Tyr Gln Ile Tyr Pro  
 115 120 125  
 Arg Ser Phe Lys Asp Ser Asn Lys Asp Gly Asn Gly Asp Leu Lys Gly  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Gln Asp Lys Leu Asp Tyr Ile Thr Ala Leu Asn Ile Lys Thr Val  
 145 150 155 160  
 15 Trp Ile Thr Ser Phe Tyr Lys Ser Ser Leu Lys Asp Phe Arg Tyr Gly  
 165 170 175  
 Val Glu Asp Phe Arg Glu Val Asp Pro Ile Phe Gly Thr Met Glu Asp  
 180 185 190  
 Phe Glu Asn Leu Val Ala Ala Ile His Asp Lys Gly Leu Lys Leu Ile  
 195 200 205  
 Ile Asp Phe Ile Pro Asn His Thr Ser Asp Lys His Ile Trp Phe Gln  
 210 215 220  
 20 Leu Ser Arg Thr Arg Thr Gly Lys Tyr Thr Asp Tyr Tyr Ile Trp His  
 225 230 235 240  
 Asp Cys Thr His Glu Asn Gly Lys Thr Ile Pro Pro Asn Asn Trp Leu  
 245 250 255  
 Ser Val Tyr Gly Asn Ser Ser Trp His Phe Asp Glu Val Arg Asn Gln  
 260 265 270  
 Cys Tyr Phe His Gln Phe Met Lys Glu Gln Pro Asp Leu Asn Phe Arg  
 275 280 285  
 Asn Pro Asp Val Gln Glu Ile Lys Glu Ile Leu Arg Phe Trp Leu  
 290 295 300  
 25 Thr Lys Gly Val Asp Gly Phe Ser Leu Asp Ala Val Lys Phe Leu Leu  
 305 310 315 320  
 Glu Ala Lys His Leu Arg Asp Glu Ile Gln Val Asn Lys Thr Gln Ile  
 325 330 335  
 Pro Asp Thr Val Thr Gln Tyr Ser Glu Leu Tyr His Asp Phe Thr Thr  
 340 345 350  
 Thr Gln Val Gly Met His Asp Ile Val Arg Ser Phe Arg Gln Thr Met  
 355 360 365  
 30 Asp Gln Tyr Ser Thr Glu Pro Gly Arg Tyr Arg Phe Met Gly Thr Glu  
 370 375 380  
 Ala Tyr Ala Glu Ser Ile Asp Arg Thr Val Met Tyr Tyr Gly Leu Pro  
 385 390 395 400  
 Phe Ile Gln Glu Ala Asp Phe Pro Phe Asn Asn Tyr Leu Ser Met Leu  
 405 410 415  
 Asp Thr Val Ser Gly Asn Ser Val Tyr Glu Val Ile Thr Ser Trp Met  
 420 425 430  
 Glu Asn Met Pro Glu Gly Lys Trp Pro Asn Trp Met Ile Gly Gly Pro  
 435 440 445  
 35 Asp Ser Ser Arg Leu Thr Ser Arg Leu Gly Asn Gln Tyr Val Asn Val  
 450 455 460  
 Met Asn Met Leu Leu Phe Thr Leu Pro Gly Thr Pro Ile Thr Tyr Tyr  
 465 470 475 480

Gly Glu Glu Ile Gly Met Gly Asn Ile Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Asn Glu  
 485 490 495  
 Ser Tyr Asp Ile Asn Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Ser Pro Met Gln Trp Asp  
 500 505 510  
 Asn Ser Ser Asn Ala Gly Phe Ser Glu Ala Ser Asn Thr Trp Leu Pro  
 515 520 525  
 Thr Asn Ser Asp Tyr His Thr Val Asn Val Asp Val Gln Lys Thr Gln  
 530 535 540  
 5 Pro Arg Ser Ala Leu Lys Leu Tyr Gln Asp Leu Ser Leu Leu His Ala  
 545 550 555 560  
 Asn Glu Leu Leu Asn Arg Gly Trp Phe Cys His Leu Arg Asn Asp  
 565 570 575  
 Ser His Tyr Val Val Tyr Thr Arg Glu Leu Asp Gly Ile Asp Arg Ile  
 580 585 590  
 Phe Ile Val Val Leu Asn Phe Gly Glu Ser Thr Leu Leu Asn Leu His  
 595 600 605  
 10 Asn Met Ile Ser Gly Leu Pro Ala Lys Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ser Thr  
 610 615 620  
 Asn Ser Ala Asp Lys Gly Ser Lys Val Asp Thr Ser Gly Ile Phe Leu  
 625 630 635 640  
 Asp Lys Gly Glu Gly Leu Ile Phe Glu His Asn Thr Lys Asn Leu Leu  
 645 650 655  
 His Arg Gln Thr Ala Phe Arg Asp Arg Cys Phe Val Ser Asn Arg Ala  
 660 665 670  
 Cys Tyr Ser Ser Val Leu Asn Ile Leu Tyr Thr Ser Cys  
 15 675 680 685

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:182:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 54 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:182:

Leu Val Pro Arg Gly Ser Pro Gly Ile Pro Gly Ser Arg Val Gly Gln  
 1 5 10 15  
 Cys Thr Asp Ser Asp Val Arg Arg Pro Trp Ala Arg Ser Cys Ala His  
 20 25 30  
 25 Gln Gly Cys Gly Ala Gly Thr Arg Asn Ser His Gly Cys Ile Thr Arg  
 35 40 45  
 Pro Leu Arg Gln Ala Ser  
 50

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:183:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:183:

Ser Ala Arg Asp Ser Gly Pro Ala Glu Asp Gly Ser Arg Ala Val Arg  
 35 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Asn Gly

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:184:

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A purified protein which specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal tract receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI.
2. A protein which binds specifically to a gastro-intestinal transport receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI, in which the protein comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1-55 or a binding portion thereof.
3. A protein which binds specifically to a gastro-intestinal transport receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI, in which the amino acid sequence of the protein is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1-55, or a binding portion thereof.
- 20 4. The protein of claim 2 which comprises the amino acid sequence substantially as set forth in: SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 22, SEQ ID NO: 23, SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 46, or SEQ ID NO: 52, or a binding portion thereof.
- 25 5. The protein of claim 3, the amino acid sequence of which consists of the amino acid sequence substantially as set forth in: SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 6, SEQ ID NO: 22, SEQ ID NO: 23, SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 46, or SEQ ID NO: 52, or a binding portion thereof.
- 30 6. A protein of not more than 50 amino acids in length which specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal transport receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI, in which the protein includes, positioned anywhere along its sequence, the contiguous amino

acid sequence of: Xaa<sub>1</sub> Thr Xaa<sub>2</sub> Xaa<sub>3</sub> Ser Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>5</sub> Xaa<sub>6</sub> Asn Xaa<sub>7</sub> Arg (SEQ ID NO:253), where Xaa<sub>1</sub> is Ser or Thr; Xaa<sub>2</sub> is Arg or Lys; Xaa<sub>3</sub> is Lys or Arg; Xaa<sub>4</sub> is Ser or Leu; Xaa<sub>5</sub> is Arg, Ile, Val, or Ser; Xaa<sub>6</sub> is Ser, Tyr, Phe, or His; and Xaa<sub>7</sub> is Pro, His or Arg.

7. The protein of claim 6 which is not more than 40 amino acids in length.

10 8. The protein of claim 6 which is not more than 30 amino acids in length.

9. The protein of claim 6 which is not more than 20 amino acids in length.

15 10. A protein of not more than 50 amino acids in length which specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal transport receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI, in which the protein includes, 20 positioned anywhere along its sequence, the contiguous amino acid sequence of: Asp Xaa<sub>1</sub> Asp Xaa<sub>2</sub> Arg Arg Xaa<sub>3</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> (SEQ ID NO:254) where Xaa<sub>1</sub> is Ser, Ala, or Gly; Xaa<sub>2</sub> is Val or Gln; Xaa<sub>3</sub> is Pro, Gly, or Ser; and Xaa<sub>4</sub> is Trp or Tyr.

25 11. The protein of claim 10 which is not more than 40 amino acids in length.

12. The protein of claim 10 which is not more than 30 amino acids in length.

30 13. The protein of claim 10 which is not more than 20 amino acids in length.

14. A protein of not more than 50 amino acids in 35 length which specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal transport receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI, in which the protein includes,

positioned anywhere along its sequence, the contiguous amino acid sequence of: Val Arg Ser Gly Cys Gly Xaa<sub>1</sub>, Xaa<sub>2</sub>, Ser Ser (SEQ ID NO:255), where Xaa<sub>1</sub> is Ala or Phe; and Xaa<sub>2</sub> is Arg or His.

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15. The protein of claim 14 which is not more than 40 amino acids in length.

16. The protein of claim 14 which is not more than 10 30 amino acids in length.

17. The protein of claim 14 which is not more than 20 amino acids in length.

15 18. A protein of not more than 50 amino acids in length which specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal transport receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI, in which the protein includes, positioned anywhere along its sequence, the contiguous amino acid sequence of: NTRKSSRSNPR (SEQ ID NO:256) or STKRSLIYNHR (SEQ ID NO:257) or STGRKVFNRR (SEQ ID NO:258) or TNAKHSSHNR (SEQ ID NO:259).

19. A protein of not more than 50 amino acids in 25 length which specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal transport receptor selected from the group consisting of HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI, in which the protein includes, positioned anywhere along its sequence, the contiguous amino acid sequence of: DSDVRRPW (SEQ ID NO:260) or AADQRRGW (SEQ 30 ID NO:261) or DGRGGRSY (SEQ ID NO:262).

20. A protein of not more than 50 amino acids in length which specifically binds to a gastro-intestinal transport receptor selected from the group consisting of 35 HPT1, hPEPT1, D2H, and hSI, in which the protein includes, positioned anywhere along its sequence, the contiguous amino

acid sequence of: RVRS (SEQ ID NO:263) or SVRSGCGFRGSS (SEQ ID NO:264) or SVRGCCGAHSS (SEQ ID NO:265).

21. The protein of claim 1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 14, 18,  
5 19, or 20 which is purified.

22. A composition comprising the protein of claim  
1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 14, 18, 19, or 20, bound to a material  
comprising an active agent, said active agent being of value  
10 in the treatment of a mammalian disease or disorder.

23. The composition of claim 22 in which the  
active agent is a drug.

15 24. The composition of claim 22 in which the  
material is a particle containing the active agent.

25. The composition of claim 22 in which the  
material is a slow-release device containing the drug.

20 26. The composition of claim 22 in which the  
protein is covalently or noncovalently bound to the material.

27. A composition comprising a chimeric protein  
25 bound to a material comprising an active agent, in which the  
chimeric protein comprises a sequence selected from the group  
consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1-55 or a binding portion thereof  
fused via a covalent bond to an amino acid sequence of a  
second protein, in which the active agent is of value in the  
30 treatment of a mammalian disease or disorder.

28. A composition comprising the protein of claim  
1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 14, 18, 19, or 20 covalently bound to a  
particle containing a drug.

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29. A composition comprising the protein of claim  
1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 14, 18, 19, or 20 covalently bound to a drug.